

# Terebinth SCI Enhanced Income Fund

Minimum Disclosure Document | Fee Class: B1 | 30 April 2026



## Fund Information

|                    |                                   |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Investment Manager | Terebinth Capital (Pty) Ltd       |
| Fund Manager       | N.Okello, D.Ngwenza and O.Mtuzula |
| Inception Date     | 01/08/2018                        |
| Benchmark          | STeFI Composite                   |
| ASISA Category     | SA Income Bearing Short Term      |
| Currency           | Rand                              |
| Fund Size          | 2,827,542,392                     |
| Ticker             | TSIFB1                            |
| Yield              | 8.21%                             |

## Risk Profile

Conservative

## Summary of Investment Policy

The fund seeks investment opportunities that meet the objective of delivering an enhanced level of income and stability on capital invested.

## Fund Strategy

The fund will invest across the full spectrum of income generating assets including interest bearing securities (including, but not limited to bonds, convertible bonds, debentures, corporate debt, cash deposits and money market instruments) as well as inflation-linked bonds and corporate bonds. The diversified fund will be actively managed to reflect changing economic and market circumstances, in order to maximise returns to investors. For efficient fund management purposes, the Manager may invest in financial instruments (listed and unlisted derivatives) allowed by the Act in order to achieve its investment objective. The fund will also invest in participatory interests and offshore investments as permitted by legislation. The fund may also invest in participatory interest (units) of collective investment schemes.

## Fees (%) - Including VAT

|                         |      |
|-------------------------|------|
| Management Fee          | 0.46 |
| Total Expense Ratio     | 0.49 |
| Transaction Costs       | 0.02 |
| Total Investment Charge | 0.51 |

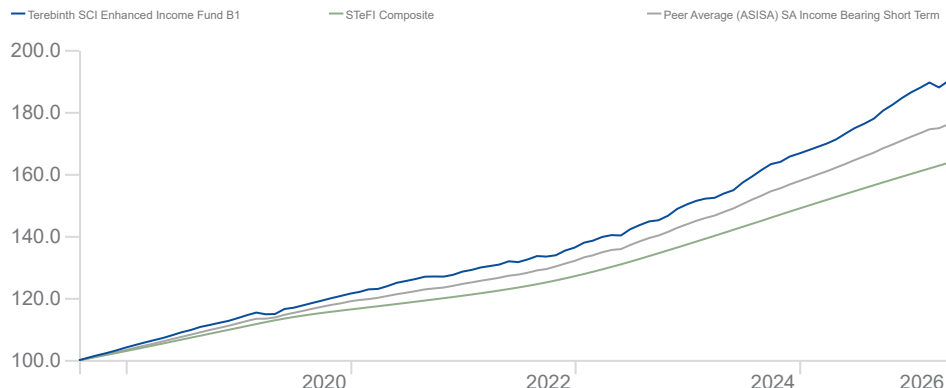
## Distribution History (CPU)

|                  |                  |
|------------------|------------------|
| May 2025: 0.0737 | Dec 2025: 0.0662 |
| Jun 2025: 0.0705 | Jan 2026: 0.0664 |
| Jul 2025: 0.0724 | Feb 2026: 0.0599 |
| Aug 2025: 0.0715 | Mar 2026: 0.0655 |
| Sep 2025: 0.0689 | Apr 2026: 0.0641 |
| Oct 2025: 0.0708 |                  |
| Nov 2025: 0.0656 |                  |

## Additional Information

Minimum Lump Sum Investment: R100 000  
Minimum Monthly Investment: R10 000  
Fund Valuation Time: 15:00  
Transaction Cut-Off Time: 15:00  
Distribution declaration date: Monthly  
Distribution Pricing Date: First business day of Month  
Daily Price: [www.sanlamunitrusts.co.za](http://www.sanlamunitrusts.co.za)

## Investment Growth - Since Inception



The investment performance is for illustrative purposes only and is calculated by taking the actual initial fees and all ongoing fees into account for the amount shown. Income is reinvested on the reinvestment date.

## Period Returns (%)

|                                                   | YTD  | 1 Year <sup>1</sup> | 3 Years <sup>1</sup> | 5 Years <sup>1</sup> | Since Inception <sup>1</sup> |
|---------------------------------------------------|------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Terebinth SCI Enhanced Income Fund B1             | 1.95 | 11.02               | 10.65                | 8.95                 | 8.63                         |
| STeFI Composite                                   | 2.21 | 7.20                | 7.96                 | 6.81                 | 6.57                         |
| Peer Average (ASISA) SA Income Bearing Short Term | 2.30 | 8.61                | 9.12                 | 7.85                 | 7.59                         |

<sup>1</sup>Annualised Return: An annualised rate of return is the average rate of return per year, measured over a period either longer or shorter than one year, such as a month, or two years, annualised for comparison with a one-year return.

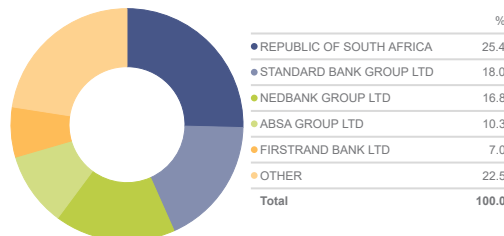
## Monthly Returns (%)

|      | Jan  | Feb  | Mar   | Apr  | May   | Jun   | Jul  | Aug  | Sep   | Oct   | Nov  | Dec  | Year  |
|------|------|------|-------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|-------|------|------|-------|
| 2026 | 0.85 | 0.83 | -0.85 | 1.11 |       |       |      |      |       |       |      |      | 1.95  |
| 2025 | 0.66 | 0.59 | 0.67  | 0.78 | 1.12  | 1.01  | 0.81 | 0.92 | 1.45  | 1.06  | 1.17 | 1.03 | 11.87 |
| 2024 | 0.78 | 0.47 | 0.19  | 0.91 | 0.70  | 1.58  | 1.26 | 1.33 | 1.15  | 0.45  | 1.04 | 0.60 | 10.96 |
| 2023 | 1.18 | 0.44 | 0.88  | 0.42 | -0.08 | 1.44  | 0.95 | 0.83 | 0.25  | 1.01  | 1.50 | 0.96 | 10.22 |
| 2022 | 0.45 | 0.59 | 0.36  | 0.36 | 0.80  | -0.20 | 0.65 | 0.83 | -0.13 | 0.32  | 1.13 | 0.71 | 6.03  |
| 2021 | 0.47 | 0.65 | 0.11  | 0.73 | 0.88  | 0.47  | 0.51 | 0.60 | 0.05  | -0.03 | 0.44 | 0.82 | 5.85  |

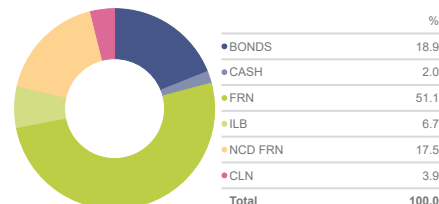
## Risk Statistics (%) - Since Inception

|                                                   | Max Drawdown | Up Period Percent | Std Dev | Sharpe Ratio | Highest Ann Return (Rolling Average) | Lowest Ann Return (Rolling Average) |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------|---------|--------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Terebinth SCI Enhanced Income Fund B1             | -0.85        | 93.48             | 1.42    | 1.45         | 12.48                                | 4.85                                |
| STeFI Composite                                   | —            | 100.00            | 0.46    | —            | 8.57                                 | 3.77                                |
| Peer Average (ASISA) SA Income Bearing Short Term | —            | 100.00            | 0.66    | 1.99         |                                      |                                     |

## Top 5 Exposure



## Asset Allocation



# Terebinth SCI Enhanced Income Fund

Minimum Disclosure Document | Fee Class: B1 | 30 April 2026



## Contact Details

### Investment Manager

Terebinth Capital (Pty) Ltd  
Willowbridge Place, Carl Cronje Drive, Tygervally, Bellville, 7530  
Tel: +27 21 943 4819  
E-mail: [operations@terebinthcapital.com](mailto:operations@terebinthcapital.com)  
Website: [www.terebinthcapital.com](http://www.terebinthcapital.com)

### Manager Information

Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd  
Physical Address: 55 Willie van Schoor Avenue, Bellville, South Africa, 7530  
Postal Address: Private Bag X8, Tygervally, 7536  
Tel: +27 21 916 1800  
Email: [service@sanlaminvestments.com](mailto:service@sanlaminvestments.com)  
Website: [www.sanlamunitrusts.co.za](http://www.sanlamunitrusts.co.za)

### Trustee Information

Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd  
Tel: +27 21 441 4100  
Email: [compliance-sanlam@standardbank.co.za](mailto:compliance-sanlam@standardbank.co.za)

## Disclaimer

All reasonable steps have been taken to ensure the information on this MDD is accurate. The information to follow doesn't constitute financial advice as contemplated in terms of the FAIS Act. Use or rely on this information at your own risk. Independent professional financial advice should always be sought before making an investment decision.

The Sanlam Group is a full member of the Association for Savings and Investment SA ("ASISA"). Collective investment schemes (CIS) are generally medium- to long-term investments. Please note that past performance is not necessarily a guide to future performance, and that the value of investments/units/unit trusts may go down as well as up. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available from the Manager, Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd, a registered and approved Manager in CIS in Securities. Additional information of the proposed investment, including brochures, application forms and annual or quarterly reports, can be obtained from the Manager, free of charge. Collective investments are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. Collective investments are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the fund including any income accruals and less any deductible expenses such as audit, brokerage and service fees. Actual investment performance of the fund and the investor will differ depending on the initial fees applicable, the actual investment date, and the date of reinvestment of income as well as dividend withholding tax. Forward pricing is used. The Manager doesn't provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of a fund. The performance of the fund depends on the underlying assets and variable market factors. Performance is based on NAV to NAV calculations with income reinvestments done on the ex-div date. Lump sum investment performances are quoted. Income funds derive their income primarily from interest-bearing instruments. The fund may invest in participatory interests of other unit trust funds. These underlying funds levy their own fees and may result in a higher fee structure for our fund. All the fund options presented are approved collective investment schemes in terms of Collective Investment Schemes Control Act, No 45 of 2002 ("CISCA"). The Manager may borrow up to 10% the market value of the fund to bridge insufficient liquidity. The fund may from time to time invest in foreign countries and therefore may have risks regarding liquidity, the repatriation of funds, political and macroeconomic situations, foreign exchange, exchange rates, tax, settlement and the availability of information. Sanlam Collective Investments (RF) (Pty) Ltd retains full legal responsibility for the co-named fund and has the right to close any funds to new investors to manage them more efficiently in accordance with their mandates. Investment Management of the fund is out sourced to Terebinth Capital (Pty) Ltd, (FSP) Licence No. 47909, an Authorised Financial Services Provider under the Financial Advisory and Intermediary Services Act, 2002. Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd is the appointed trustee of the Sanlam Collective Investments scheme.

All fees include VAT except where specified. Obtain a personalised cost estimate before investing by visiting [www.sanlamunitrustsmdd.co.za](http://www.sanlamunitrustsmdd.co.za) and using our Effective Annual Cost (EAC) calculator. Alternatively, contact us at 0860 100 266. This fund is available via certain LISPS (Linked Investment Service Providers), which levy their own fees. Advice Fee: Any advice fee is negotiable between the client and their financial advisor. An annual advice fee negotiated is paid via a repurchase of units from the investor. Total Expense Ratio (TER) Period: 01 April 2021 to 31 March 2024. TER refers to the value of the Financial Product was incurred as expenses relating to the administration of the Financial Product. A higher TER does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER may not necessarily be an accurate indication of future TER's. Transaction Cost (TC) is the value of the Financial Product was incurred as costs relating to the buying and selling of the assets underlying the Financial Product. TCs are a necessary cost in administering the Financial Product and impacts Financial Product returns. It should not be considered in isolation as returns may be impacted by many other factors over time including market returns, the type of Financial Product, the investment decisions of the investment manager and the TER. Total Investment Charges (TER + TC) refers to the value of the Financial Product was incurred as costs relating to the investment. Effective 1 December 2024, SCI will charge a monthly administration fee of R23 excluding VAT on retail investors whose total investment value is less than R50,000. Clients with and active recurring debit order will not be levied this fee. Data sources: Morningstar Direct, INET BFA and Bloomberg.

Issue date: 18 May 2026

## Market and Fund Commentary

Local risk assets rebounded in April after a difficult March dominated by the war in the Middle East. Local listed property was the best-performing asset class, with the JSE All Property Index returning 5.76%. This was followed by local inflation-linked bonds, as measured by the JSE CII Index, and nominal bonds, as measured by the JSE All Bond Index, which returned 4.32% and 3.27%, respectively. Local equities also outperformed cash, with the JSE All Share Total Return Index returning 1.65% compared with 0.54% for cash. The rand also recovered somewhat, ending the month at 16.67 against the US dollar, down from 16.94 at the start of April.

On 8 April, following a two-week ceasefire, US President Trump extended it indefinitely. Although the ceasefire remains in place, the truce is fragile, with the Strait of Hormuz still effectively closed amid ongoing US blockades of Iranian ports. Against this uncertain backdrop, oil prices have remained highly reactive and volatile, trading between \$90 and \$120 per barrel. At the time of writing, Iran is reportedly reviewing a US-backed peace proposal to end the two-month-long war in the Middle East. Should the market receive a more constructive signal, attention is likely to shift to how quickly any ceasefire can normalise flows through the Strait of Hormuz.

The situation in Iran remains fluid, but in the absence of a clear resolution, economic risks continue to mount, and the risk balance has shifted firmly to the downside. This is most evident in bond markets, where inflation concerns and fiscal worries have led investors to price out earlier expectations of rate cuts. By contrast, global equities have, in aggregate, almost fully recovered, and earnings-per-share revisions remain positive.

At the April Federal Open Market Committee meeting, the Committee left the policy rate unchanged at 3.50% to 3.75%. Amid uncertainty in the Middle East and sharply higher fuel prices that are tightening household budgets, US markets have now priced in rate cuts for both 2026 and 2027.

Locally, inflation edged higher to 3.1% in March, up from 3.0% in February. Importantly, this print preceded the impact of higher fuel prices linked to Operation Epic Fury, which pushed fuel pump prices sharply higher at the beginning of April. While fuel prices remain the dominant risk, food prices are also under upward pressure from the threat of El Niño, although elevated grain inventories and high base effects in meat prices should provide some offset. As a result, inflation is expected to accelerate in the coming months, primarily due to oil, and upcoming prints are likely to breach the SARB's recently introduced 2% to 4% inflation target band.

On the fiscal front, the government extended the petrol fuel subsidy for May and June, reducing the fuel levy by R3 per litre for petrol and by a further 93 cents per litre for diesel. The levy is expected to normalise in July, on the assumption that underlying oil and refining costs will have eased by then. National Treasury estimates the cost of the relief at R17.2 billion, to be absorbed through a combination of underspending and revenue overruns. While this should not, in itself, worsen the fiscal position, it reduces the scope for meaningful upside surprises and, by extension, lowers the probability of near-term credit-rating upgrades.

The South African credit market remained well supported in April, underpinned by strong domestic liquidity, limited net supply and continued demand for high-quality floating-rate assets. Secondary market activity was uneven, with traded spreads generally tighter across selected bank and corporate lines. Overall, credit continued to provide resilience and attractive carry for income portfolios, although valuations have become less compelling as spreads have compressed.

Looking ahead, the local credit market should remain supported, particularly if redemptions and cash balances continue to exceed new supply. However, the market has become expensive, and tight spreads and strong auction demand have reduced the margin of safety. We therefore remain constructive but selective, with a preference for liquid, higher-quality issuers across senior bank, bank capital, insurance and select listed property paper. Against this backdrop, and with renewed hawkishness from the SARB, we would avoid chasing yield in weaker or less liquid credit to enhance income. We will continue to prioritise corporate paper that offers an appropriate concession, stronger covenants or attractive structural protection.